

City Niamey	
Country	Niger
Population	1,026,848
Title of policy or practice	La Maison du Paysan (The Farmer's House)
Subtitle (optional)	Integrated services platform
URL video	Food Supply and Distribution
Category	
SDGs	SDGs: 1,2. <i>The Maison du Paysan</i> project is part of the 3N initiative "Nigeriens Nourishing Nigeriens".
Brief description	It is important to mention that the municipality has two farms, Tondikoirey and Yawaré, with a beneficiary population of 84,833 inhabitants. We will introduce the farm of Tondikoirey. Food is purchased from farmers at harvest time, providing them with income; the same food is then resold to farmers during the lean season at prices below market price. <i>Maison du Paysan</i> is an axis of the 3N initiative "Nigeriens Nourishing Nigeriens" which will increase agricultural production and improve animal health to face chronic deficits in food supplies and ensure Nigerians a guaranteed food security. In other words, it will improve the resilience of populations, which will considerably increase their incomes, and enable them to participate in the city's development process. The specific objectives are: to have basic cereals, necessary inputs and certified seeds in stock; to have agricultural equipment; to ensure crop and animal protection and to increase producers' incomes; to provide advisory support to producers, to have an administrative unit, to have a fence wall and toilets.
Date of start and state (ongoing/completed)	01/2017 Ongoing
Actors and stakeholders involvement	The City of Niamey has received funds from the World Bank through the Community Action Programme Phase Three (CAP3).
Approach	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Drafting of the micro-project proposed to the CAP3;</li> <li>2. Procurement procedure for the construction of infrastructure;</li> <li>3. Construction of infrastructure;</li> <li>4. Procurement procedure for food supply, agricultural equipment and materials;</li> <li>5. Food sale.</li> </ol>
Innovation	The 3N initiative Nigeriens Nourishing Nigeriens is an innovative initiative by the President of the Republic in terms of food policy. The <i>Maison du Paysan</i> is a main feature of it. This farm allows the beneficiary area to sell its products on the spot and to receive monetary income. At the same time, the beneficiary populations will buy this food during the lean season.
Impact	We stand in the third place as suppliers of <i>La Maison du Paysan</i> for a total of 158.1 tons of millet, 197.1 tons of corn and 84 tons of rice. All this food was sold at a reduced market price. The social and economic impact is significant because farmers have benefited twice as much, while vulnerable households are the main recipients. From a social point of view, it was considered to buy their production and sell them food during lean periods and from an economic point of view, they increased their income. It should be noted that the city has two farms in District I and V. A desired impact, among the others, is to allow the use of new techniques and technologies and also to meet to take important decisions. In addition, <i>La Maison du Paysan</i> will increase the yields of agro-pastoral and fishing activities in the Niamey region, which will considerably improve the

	<p>incomes of the beneficiary populations and thus reduce poverty and boost the development of the region and the country. From both environmental and social points of view, the population's food insecurity will be reduced through the availability of food via internal production and purchase of good quality meat. There will be an increase in the quantity of organic manure, which will improve soil fertility.</p>
<b>Inclusion</b>	<p>Communities take part in <i>La Maison du Paysan</i> management: civil society participates in decision-making by being a member of the general assembly and the private sector participates by offering its services when producers do not have any available resources. There are management committees composed exclusively of community members.</p>
<b>Adversity coefficient</b>	<p>There have been difficulties throughout the process, but only to a small-scale extent. When building the infrastructure, companies have had trouble following the control cabinet's instructions; the institutional anchoring has not been easy, although the sponsor has clearly indicated that the gateway to the Community Action Programme Phase Three (CAP3) is the municipality or city. Another problem is that the number of applicants at the time of sales is very high.</p>